APUSH Study Guide

Create a study tool using this study guide (ie review sheet, flash cards). Concepts from the College Board Concept Outline (in bold).

Maize

Civilizations in the Great Basin, Mississippi River Valley, and California

Iroquois Confederacy

Spanish Exploration

Columbian Exchange

Joint-Stock Companies

Effect of Epidemics on Native Americans

Encomienda System

Pueblo Revolt

British Exploration

Powhatan’s Confederacy and first and second Anglo-Powhatan Wars

Jamestown

Settlement in the Southern Colonies

Indentured Servitude

Tobacco

Influence of the West Indies

House of Burgesses

Settlement in the Northern Colonies

Settlement in the Middle Colonies

Plymouth

Religious Freedom in the Colonies

Royal Colonies

Proprietary Colonies

Charter Colonies

Mayflower Compact

Town Hall Meetings

New England Confederation

Pequot War

King Phillips War

Slavery in Colonial America

Bacon’s Rebellion

Middle Passage/Triangle Trade

Slavery in the Chesapeake Region vs. Deep South

Slave Codes

Slave Resistance

African American Culture

Staple Crop

Life in the Chesapeake Colonies

Life in New England

First Great Awakening

Salutary Neglect

George Washington

Albany Plan

French and Indian War

Proclamation of 1763

Mercantilism

Influence of the Enlightenment on the Revolution

Effects of Taxes on the Revolution

The Rights of Englishmen

The Revolutionary War

Major Battles of the Revolutionary War

Thomas Paine’s Common Sense

The Declaration of Independence

French Involvement

Benjamin Franklin

Influence on other Revolutions

“Republican motherhood”

Articles of Confederation

Northwest Ordinance

Constitutional Convention

The Constitution

Limited Government

Federalism

Separation of Powers

The Great Compromise

3/5 Compromise

Prohibition of the Slave Trade

Federalists vs. Anti-Federalists

Federalist Papers

Ratification

Bill of Rights

Alexander Hamilton’s Economic Policies

Whiskey Rebellion

Bank of the United States

Strict Constructionist

Loose Constructionist

Jay’s Treaty

Impressment

Washington’s Farewell Address

Alien and Sedition Acts

Kentucky and Virginia Resolutions

State’s Rights

Nullification

Federalists

Democratic Republicans

John Marshall Court

Marbury v. Madison

McCulloch vs. Maryland

Cohens vs. Virginia

Gibbons vs. Ogden

Fletcher vs. Peck

Dartmouth College vs. Woodward

Louisiana Purchase

War of 1812
The American System
Monroe Doctrine
The Era of Good Feelings
The Missouri Compromise
The Hartford Convention
Henry Clay
The Corrupt Bargain
Universal Manhood Suffrage
The Democratic Party
Andrew Jackson:
Increased Sectionalism
The Tariff of Abominations
The Nullification Crisis
The Indian Removal Act
The Trail of Tears
The Bank War
The Whig Party
Election of 1840
Market Revolution - Factory Labor
Urbanization
Inventions of the Market Revolution
Lowell Factory
Cult of Domesticity
Irish Immigration
Nativism and the Know Nothing Party
Eli Whitney
Interchangeable Parts
Erie Canal
Railroads
Second Great Awakening
Mormonism
Reform Movements
Temperance Movement
Women’s Rights Movement
Declaration of Sentiments – Seneca Falls Women’s Rights Convention
Utopian Movements
Transcendentalism
Rise of Antebellum Culture
Lone Star Rebellion
Annexation of Texas
Manifest Destiny
Oregon Trail
Mexican American War
Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo
Wilmot Proviso
Cotton Gin
Cotton Production
Southern Society
Slave Culture
Free Black Life and Culture
Abolitionist movements
William Lloyd Garrison
Frederick Douglass
Nat Turner’s Rebellion
Popular Sovereignty
California Gold Rush
Underground Railroad
Compromise of 1850
Fugitive Slave Law
Expansion in Latin America
Increased trade with Asia
Gadsden Purchase
Kansas-Nebraska Act
Bleeding Kansas
John Brown
Stephen Douglas
Uncle Tom’s Cabin
The Impending Crisis of the South
Dred Scott decision
Rise of the Republican Party
Abraham Lincoln
Lincoln-Douglas Debates
1860 Election
Southern Secession
Confederate States of America
Influence of Northern Manufacturing on Sectionalism
Influence of Southern Agriculture on Sectionalism
Union advantages and disadvantages
Confederate advantages and disadvantages
Emancipation Proclamation
Reasons for Union Victory
African American Enlistment
Importance of the Border States
New York Draft Riot
Major Battles of the Civil War
Gettysburg Address
13th Amendment
14th Amendment
15th Amendment
Effect of Reconstruction on Women
The Freedman’s Bureau
Presidential Reconstruction
Congressional Reconstruction
Radical Reconstruction
Sharecropping
Ku Klux Klan
Compromise of 1877
Government Corruption in the Gilded Age
Political machines - Boss Tweed
Jim Crow Laws
Grandfather Clause
Poll Tax
Plessy v. Ferguson
African American Migration after the Civil War
Chinese Exclusion Act
Pendleton Civil Service Act
Laissez-Faire Capitalism
The Populist Party
The Gold Standard
The effect of mechanization on agriculture
Government subsidies for railroads
Transcontinental railroad
Interstate Commerce Act and Commission
Increased production of goods
- Technological innovation
- Access to natural resources
- Redesigned financial structure
- Growing labor force
Trusts
Laissez-faire policies
Vertical Integration
Horizontal Integration
Interlocking Directorates
Andrew Carnegie
John D. Rockefeller
J.P. Morgan
Social Darwinism
Gospel of Wealth
Sherman Anti-Trust Act
New South – industrialization
Labor Unions
American Federation of Labor
Immigration – New Immigration
Development of ethnic neighborhoods
Assimilation and Americanization
Social Gospel
Settlement Houses
Nativism
Increased standard of living during the Gilded Age
Increased gap between the rich and poor during the Gilded Age
Women in the Gilded Age
African Americans during the Industrial Revolution
Booker T. Washington
W.E.B. DuBois
Charles Darwin and Evolution
Temperance Movement
Boomtowns of the West
- Mining
- Farming
- Ranching
- Railroads
Decimation of the bison population
Competition for land
Reservation System
Dawes Severalty Act
Turner “safety valve” thesis
American Imperialism
Panama Canal
Spanish American War
Big Stick Diplomacy
Roosevelt Corollary to the Monroe Doctrine
Economy focused on the production of Consumer Goods
Improved Standard of Living, Transportation, and Communication
Muckrakers
Progressive Goals – federal regulation
Conservationists and the Establishment of National Parks
Prohibition – 18th Amendment
Women’s Role in Progressive Reform
Triangle Shirtwaist Fire
Women’s Suffrage - 19th Amendment
Divisions within the Progressive Movement – segregation, immigration
Dollar Diplomacy
Eugene V. Debs and Socialism
Moral Diplomacy
US Intervention in Mexico during the Mexican Revolution
- Increase in immigration from Mexico
American Isolationism at the start of WWI
“War to End all Wars”
US Military Contributions to WWI
14 Points
League of Nations
Restrictions on Freedom of Speech during WWI
Treaty of Versailles
Red Scare
Sacco and Vanzetti
Immigration Restrictions of the 1920’s – Quotas
Scopes Trial and the Evolution Debate
Fundamentalism vs. Modernism
Increased production of consumer goods in the 1920’s – improved standard of living
Henry Ford and the Model T
City Life in the 1920’s
Speakeasies and Jazz
Mass Media – Radio, Movies
Gender Roles – Flappers, Margaret Sanger
Harlem Renaissance
Great Migration
Mexican Immigration
Teapot Dome Scandal
“Rugged Individualism”
Foreign Policy between the World Wars
- Isolationism
- Intervention in Latin America
- Naval Treaties
- Kellogg-Briand Pact
Credit Market instability in the early 20th century leads to the Great Depression
- Instability in Farming after WWI – Overproduction
- European Debt and the Dawes Plan
- Over speculation – Buying on Margin
Black Tuesday
Hawley-Smoot Tariff
Reconstruction Finance Corporation
Franklin Delano Roosevelt
Eleanor Roosevelt
New Deal
Hundred Days
Social Security
Fair Labor Standards Act
Securities and Exchange Commission
Federal Housing Administration
Keynesian Economics
Successes of the New Deal
Failures of the New Deal
The Dust Bowl
Radical, Union and Populist influence on the New Deal
Wagner Act
Committee for Industrial Organization
Conservative resistance to the New Deal - Father Charles Coughlin and Huey P. Long
Political realignment within the Democratic party during the 1930’s
Good Neighbor Policy
Isolationism in WWII
- Neutrality Act of 1939 – “Cash and Carry”
- Lend-Lease Act
- Atlantic Conference and Charter
Pearl Harbor Attack
Motivation for American Participation in the War
Wartime Industrial Mobilization
- Rosie the Riveter
- Desegregated Factory Labor during WWII
Japanese Internment
Bracero Program
Minority Soldiers in WWII
WWII Warfare - Technological advances
Major Battles in the European Theater
D-Day
Major Battles in the Pacific Theater
Island Hopping
Use of the Atomic Bomb
Yalta Conference Agreements
Taft-Hartley Act
GI Bill
Baby Boom
Sunbelt Migration
Suburbia and White Flight
Military Industrial Complex
Rise of Consumerism and New Technology in the 1950’s
US Role in the Post-War (WWII) peace settlements
United Nations
Rise of the US as a Superpower
Causes of the Cold War
Berlin Airlift
Containment
Truman Doctrine
Marshall Plan
Central Intelligence Agency
NATO vs. Warsaw Pact
Joseph McCarthy and McCarthyism
The Korean War
Domino Theory
Brown v. Board of Education
Desegregation in the South
Arms Race
Massive Retaliation
US Involvement in Vietnam during the 1950’s
Competition between the US and USSR for influence in Asia, Africa, and the Middle East
US Anti-Communist intervention in Latin America
Space Race
The Beatniks
Betty Friedan’s The Feminine Mystique
Election of 1960
Kennedy’s New Frontier
Berlin Wall
US Anti-Communist intervention in Latin America
- Bay of Pigs
- Cuban Missile Crisis
Civil Rights Movement
Martin Luther King
Nonviolent Protests
Civil Rights Act of 1964
Voting Rights Act of 1965
Thurgood Marshall
Black Power Movement
Liberalism
The Great Society – War on Poverty
Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965 – Changes in Immigration
The Vietnam War
- Escalation
- Tet Offensive
- Vietnamization
Antiwar Protests
Counterculture of the 1960’s
Democratic Convention of 1968
Kent State Massacre
Conservative Concerns during the 1960’s
Liberal Concerns during the 1960’s
Economic Stagnation of the 1970’s
Détente
- Nixon’s Foreign Policy with China
- Nixon’s Foreign Policy with the USSR
Energy Crisis
National Energy Policy
Watergate Scandal
Change in public opinion towards the government after the 1960’s
The Warren Court
- Gideon v. Wainwright (1963)
- Miranda v. Arizona (1966)
Chicano Movement, American Indian and Asian American Movements
Feminist Movement
Equal Rights Amendment
Roe v. Wade (1973)
Affirmative Action
Gay Rights Movement
Environmentalist Movement
Camp David Accords
SALT II
Iran Hostage Crisis
Conservative Movement- Rise of Evangelical Christianity
- New Right and the Moral Majority
Ronald Reagan’s election
- Economic Policies - tax cuts, deregulation of industry
Liberal Opposition to Conservatism
Sandra Day O’Connor
Ronald Reagan’s Cold War Policy – Rollback
Strategic Defense Initiative (SDI)
Military Buildup and Increased military spending
Iran-Contra Affair
The End of the Cold War
Fall of the Soviet Union
Operation Desert Storm
Americans with Disabilities Act
NAFTA
Safety Net Reform – Social Security
The Internet
Globalization
Growth of the Service Sector – Shrinking of Manufacturing
Growing income inequality
Growing Immigration from Latin America
Immigration Reform
Changes in Gender Roles and Family Structure
9/11
The War on Terror – Afghanistan and Iraq
The Patriot Act
Alternative Energy
US’s Continued role as a superpower

Key Dates
- 1492*
- 1607
- 1620
- 1676
- 1763*
- 1776*
- 1787*
- 1800*
- 1803
- 1812
- 1820*
- 1828
- 1833
- 1848*
- 1850
- 1854
- 1857
- 1860*
- 1865*
- 1877*
- 1896*
- 1917*
- 1929*
- 1933
- 1941*
- 1945*
- 1950
- 1954*
- 1964*
- 1968*
- 1973
- 1980*
- 1989
- 1991*
- 2001*
- 2003
- 2008
- May 6, 2016 (The day you demolished the APUSH exam!)